

## A Resolution to Reduce Court Clog On The Border

1 The current crisis at the border for immigrants fleeing violence from their own countries is  
2 that they face a legal barrier called court clog. And,  
3 There are approximately three hundred immigration judges in the United States and forty  
4 percent of them are eligible for retirement. And,  
5 The pending case load for asylum seekers currently surpasses 800,000 cases. And,  
6 The average case now takes up to 578 days to complete. And,  
7 Current asylum seeekers wait in detention centers causing mental and physical health  
8 problems, including depression, post-traumatic stress disorder, and frequent infections.  
9 Therefore, be it  
10 That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation: the Department  
11 of Justice will hire one thousand judges to expedite the asylum seeking process.  
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*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ransom Everglades, Ana Maria Tovar.*

## A Bill to Ban Oil Drilling on Any National Wildlife Refuge or National Park

1 Be it enacted by this FFL Congressional Debate here assembled that:

2 Section 1: The United States shall not allow any oil drilling on national wildlife  
3 refuges or national parks.

4 Section 2: “National wildlife refuge” is defined as an area designated for protection  
5 of wild animals. “National park” is defined as a scenic or historically  
6 important area of countryside protected by the federal government for the  
7 enjoyment of the general public or the preservation of wildlife. “Oil  
8 drilling” is defined as a hole drilled or dug in the earth from which  
9 petroleum flows or is pumped.

10 Section 3: This bill will go into effect October 1, 2019.

11 Section 4: The United States Environmental Protection Agency shall oversee the  
12 implementation of this bill.

13 Section 5: All other laws that are in conflict with this new policy shall hereby be  
14 declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sofia Lynch, Wellington High School*

# A Bill to Save the Yemeni People

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **Section 1:** A. The United States will remove all active duty American soldiers from  
2 the country of Yemen and shall assign them to protecting the delivery of  
3 humanitarian aid to the Yemeni people.

4 B. The United States will stop both arms sales and military aid to Saudi  
5 Arabia, until they cease the fighting in Yemen.

6 **Section 2.** Arms sales shall be defined as the trade or exchange of militaristic  
7 weaponry, ammunition, battle tanks, machine guns, and explosives.

8 Military aid is defined as tanks, planes, bombs, refueling planes, firearms,  
9 or any device used by the military given by the United States.

10 Targeted Sanctions are defined as economic sanctions that specifically  
11 target the Saudi government.

12 Humanitarian Aid is defined as the response to humanitarian crises  
13 including natural disasters and man-made disasters through multilateral  
14 aid.

15 **Section 3.** The Department of Defense and NGOs shall be responsible for  
16 implementing and enforcing the provisions of this legislation.

17 A. The Department of Defense shall end all military aid deals and  
18 negotiations with Saudi Arabia.

19 B. NGOs will be responsible for the distribution of the humanitarian aid.

20 **Section 4.** The provisions of this legislation shall be enforced on January 1st, 2020.

21 **Section 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced by Melodie Barrau, Dreyfoos School of the Arts*

## A Bill to Eliminate Space Debris

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1           **SECTION 1.**    The U.S government shall give 3 billion dollars to NASA to be  
2           used to eliminate space debris.

3           **SECTION 2.**    Space debris is defined as non-functional, human-made  
4           objects in Earth’s atmosphere or orbit.

5           **SECTION 3.**    NASA and the Department of Defense shall oversee the  
6           implementation of this bill.

7                   a.   The Department of Defense shall conduct yearly audits to  
8                   determine whether NASA is using this funding properly

9           **SECTION 4.**    This legislation will be enacted in FY 2020.

10          **SECTION 5.**    All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared  
             null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Jordan Applebaum of Western High School*

## A Bill to Improve America's Water Infrastructure

1 Be it enacted by this FFL Congressional Debate here assembled that:

2 Section 1. America's Water Infrastructure spending will be increased by \$60 billion

3 for a duration of 20 years.

4 Section 2. Water Infrastructure shall be defined as what is built to pump, divert,

5 transport, store, treat, and deliver safe drinking water.

6 Section 3. This bill shall go into effect on January 1, 2020.

7 Section 4. The Department of the Interior, the Department of Transportation, the

8 Department of Energy, and the Environmental Protection Agency will

9 oversee the implementation of this bill. Funding to these departments will

10 be increased by \$15 billion for the duration of this bill and those funds will

11 be reallocated to this legislation.

12 Section 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Carolina Aguilera-Garza, Wellington High School*

## A Resolution to Free and Protect the Proceeds from Pot

1   **WHEREAS,**   National banks that offer savings, checking, and loan services to private,  
2                   public, and corporate entities are unable to do business with cannabis  
3                   industries in states that have legal production and sales of cannabis  
4                   products due to Federal Government classification of marijuana as a  
5                   Schedule I drug; and

6   **WHEREAS,**   The state of California, after legalizing recreational marijuana estimates  
7                   sales of marijuana to exceed 7 billion dollars and their state treasury sees  
8                   no mechanism for tax collection other than cash due to lack of banks  
9                   willing to process the cash into electronic transfers; and

10 **WHEREAS,**   The physical transportation of cash profits from marijuana sales forces  
11                  guards to be put in daily danger of highjack when transporting proceeds  
12                  from dispensaries, to proceed warehouses or state coffers; and

13 **WHEREAS,**   Cash transactions lend themselves, as untraceable cash, to be used for  
14                  bribes to corrupt local and state government officials ; now, therefore, be  
15                  it

16 **RESOLVED,**   That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation:  
17                  National banks may perform full banking services within states with  
18                  legalized marijuana laws without intrusion by any branch or organization  
19                  of the Federal, State or Local governments of the United States.

1   *Introduced for Congressional Debate by Carolyn Signoret of Ransom Everglades School.*

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## A Bill to Establish an Emergency Federal Budget

Be it enacted by this FFL Congressional Debate here assembled that:

Section 1: An emergency federal budget will be established in the event of a future government shutdown. This bill will support essential personnel through the shutdown time period by allocating \$4 billion, diverted from the U.S. Department of Defense budget.

Section 2: “Essential personnel” are defined as those employees who must remain working without pay during the government shutdown. An “emergency federal budget” in this context is defined as monetary funds set aside for paycheck usage, rent assistance, and other programs to help sustain those employed by the government who must still report to work despite conditions of a government shutdown. A “government shutdown” occurs when Congress fails to pass sufficient appropriation bills or continuing resolutions to fund the federal government operations and agencies, or when the President vetoes such bills or resolutions.

Section 3: This legislation will go into effect immediately upon passage.

Section 4: The Appropriations Committee of the House and the Office of Management and Budget will work in conjunction to oversee the budget upon passage of this legislation.

Section 5: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Liam MacMahon, Wellington High School*

## Stop P.O.P. (Palm Oil Production)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1     **SECTION 1.**   Palm oil production will be eliminated in the United States.
- 2     **SECTION 2.**   A. Palm oil shall be defined as oil extracted from oil palm trees, used  
3                    primarily in processed foods such as chocolate, margarine, and  
4     cosmetics.
- 5                    B. Production shall be defined as harvesting, import, processing,  
6     packaging  
7                    and distribution.
- 8     **SECTION 3.**   The Food and Drug Administration will oversee the regulation
- 9     **SECTION 4.**   Upon passage this bill will go into effect July 1, 2021.
- SECTION 5.**   All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sophie G. of Ransom Everglades*

# TRINI (Trinidad Restoration Initiative for Newcomer Influx)

## ACT of 2019

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1                   **SECTION 1.** The United States Federal Government shall send an aid  
2 stimulus package to the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago consisting of  
3 following to aid in the Venezuelan Refugee Crisis:

4                   A. \$500 million in humanitarian aid

5                   B. \$500 million in infrastructure aid

6                   **SECTION 2.** Humanitarian aid shall include, but is not limited to food  
7 water, and medical supplies for refugees. Infrastructure aid shall be defined  
8 as aid given to create and develop new immigration processing centers,  
9 schools, hospitals, and housing for refugees.

10                   **SECTION 3.** The Department of State shall be in charge of the  
11 implementation of this legislation

12                   A. USAID shall be in charge of the distribution of the aid

13                   a. If misused, Congress reserves the right to revoke any aid  
14 to Trinidad and Tobago.

15                   **SECTION 4.** The provisions of this legislation will go into effect  
16 immediately upon passage.

17                   **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared  
null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Raymond Adderly, Ft. Lauderdale HS.*

## A Bill to Create an Opt-Out Organ Donation System

1. Be it enacted by this FFL Congressional Debate here assembled that:
2. SECTION I: The National Organ Transplant Act of 1984 shall be amended to require states
3. to have an opt-out organ donation system for Americans born in or after the
4. year 2020.
5. SECTION II: Opt-in donation systems are defined as those in which no person's organs
6. may be used without their consent.
7. Opt-out donation systems are defined as those in which everyone is treated
8. as a donor unless they specifically refuse.
9. SECTION III: This bill will be implemented on January 1, 2020.
10. SECTION IV: The United States Department of Health and Human Services will oversee
11. implementation of this bill through the following mechanisms:
12. A. Opt-outs will be submitted to the states in the same manner that opt-ins are
13. currently submitted.
14. B. No grants provided through the department of Health and Human Services
15. will be newly funded or renewed for states not in compliance with
16. this mandate.
17. SECTION V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Preston Stricklin, Navarre High School*

## A Resolution to Relocate Threatened Island Peoples

1    **WHEREAS,**    Sea levels are rising which puts many indigenous island populations at  
2                    risk including those of the Marshall, Majuro, and Solomon Islands, the  
3                    Maldives, and Kiribati; and

4    **WHEREAS,**    As sea levels rise these islands containing indigenous populations will be  
5                    underwater; and

6    **WHEREAS,**    When said islands are lost to rising sea levels the populations of these  
7                    islands will lose their land, homes, and potentially their lives; and

8    **WHEREAS,**    This threat could result in the extinction of indigenous island peoples;  
9                    now, therefore, be it

10   **RESOLVED,**   That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation:  
11                    for Threatened Indigenous Island Populations be relocated to the U.S.  
12                    and be granted full legal U.S. residence by 2025, beginning in 2022.

13                    *Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ransom Everglades Dashiell DeStefan*

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## A Bill to Ban Pharmacy Benefit Managers

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1           **SECTION 1.**   Any and all Pharmacy Benefit Managers shall be forced to  
2           halt operations.

3           **SECTION 2.**   A Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM) shall be defined as a  
4           third-party organization that works with insurance agencies, drug  
5           manufacturers, and pharmacies to control drug prices and conduct audits  
6           on pharmacies.

7           **SECTION 3.**   The Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee  
8           the implementation of this bill.

9           A. The Department of Health and Human Services shall conduct monthly  
10          audits on Pharmacy Benefit Managers to ensure that they have halted  
11          operations within one fiscal year.

12          B. Any Pharmacy Benefit Managers found to continue operations after the  
13          deadline will be fined 30% of their income, along with the income tax.

14          C. Pharmacy Benefit Managers found to be operating after the deadline  
15          shall also be forced to shut down within six months after the initial  
16          deadline, or the penalties shall double. The penalties shall continue to  
17          double every six months afterwards.

18          **SECTION 4.**   This legislation shall go into effect one year after passage.

**SECTION 5.**   All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared  
            null and void.